

№ 26.

Цѣль этюда: Развить медленное, ровное и выдержанное движеніе смычка при быстрыхъ пассажахъ въ лѣвой руцѣ.

Учить слюсуетъ: Сначала раздѣляя каждый пассажъ по 8-ми нотъ, достигая при этомъ четкости ихъ исполненія; если темпъ ускорить, то слѣдуетъ постепенно прибавлять количество нотъ на каждое движеніе смычка.

The sheet music consists of ten staves of musical notation for cello. The key signature is one flat, and the time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Each measure contains multiple notes, primarily eighth and sixteenth notes, connected by horizontal stems. Fingerings are indicated above the notes with numbers 1, 2, 3, or 4. Dynamic markings include 'f' (fortissimo), 'p' (pianissimo), 'mf' (mezzo-forte), and 'mf' with a crescendo arrow. Articulation marks like 'v' and 'o' are also present. The music is organized into two sections separated by a repeat sign with a 'C' above it. The first section ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign with a 'C' below it. The second section begins with a repeat sign with a 'C' above it and ends with a final double bar line.



№ 27.

Этотъ этюдъ сначала учить медленно, при чмъ на связанныя шестнадц. брать весь смычекъ, а на отдельныя шестнадц. по $\frac{1}{8}$ смычка чередуясь: то у конца, то при колодкѣ. Пальцы лѣвой руки (свободные отъ нажатія 2 и 3-й) не поднимать wysoko, а держать закругленно, дабы дать большую опору пальцамъ воспроизведящимъ октавы.

Allegro.

Весь см. у конца

весь см. у колодки и т. д.

segue

A page of musical notation for a string quartet, featuring ten staves of music. The notation is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The music consists primarily of eighth-note patterns. Several dynamics are indicated: *pp*, *poco a poco cresc.*, *scen*, *do*, and *3*. Performance instructions include *3* over a staff and *2* over another. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.